(XXXIII Year.) THE (Nº 1678.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1777.

LONDON, [illegible]

Extract of a letter from [illegible] *Charleſton,* [illegible]

I [illegible] ſloop, the [illegible] to the [illegible] enſued [illegible] the enemy [illegible] to take [illegible] under way [illegible] in every [illegible] ſquadron [illegible] protect the [illegible]

The arrival of the [illegible] very fortunate for the [illegible] of men to man them [illegible]

The Britiſh [illegible] ordinary [illegible] fourteen [illegible] was ſeized [illegible] the execution [illegible] him mount the ſcaffold [illegible] on the wheel, in [illegible] vouched for breaking [illegible] the firſt ſtroke [illegible] the poor fellow his ſenſes, and thinks every [illegible] appears to be in great [illegible] The ſurgeons, however, are certain that he has not any fracture, but his body is full of black and yellow ſpots, like thoſe proceeding from bruiſes. It is thought he will recover.

CHARLES-TOWN (S. C.) *Sept.* 11.

Letters from France mention, that the friends of America in England were ſo ſanguine, that they have adopted policies in London, receiving 20 guineas to return 100, if at the end of three years the king had two provinces in North-America.

We are informed that captains Weeks, Johnſon, and Nichols (three American cruiſers) had taken twenty-eight prizes in the European ſeas, ſeventeen of which were ſent to different ports, and eleven deſtroyed, or given to the priſoners.

BALTIMORE, [illegible] *ember* 4.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman to his friend in this town, dated camp, Skippack-Road, 10 miles from Philadelphia, October 24, 1777.

"Good news of late has come upon us ſo rapidly, that we ſcarce know what uſe to make of it, or how to believe it. [illegible] intelligence from the northward was of our ſucceſs till the laſt completed the glory of our arms in that quarter, by the ſurrender of general Burgoyne, and all the forces under his command.

"Before this can come to hand, you will have heard of general Howe's withdrawing his troops from German-Town to Philadelphia and its ſuburbs. Wedneſday laſt (I am juſt now informed by a gentleman who came expreſs to his excellency) an attempt was made to ſtorm Red-Bank Fort. The fort is commanded by a col. Green, of New-England, as I am informed. The particulars he could not [illegible] He ſaid however, that count Donop, the [illegible] who commanded, was wounded, and the [illegible] killed and wounded [illegible] incredible. He also mentioned the loſs of two [illegible] but of this he was not certain.

[illegible] detachment from our army was to [illegible] the enemy on Schuylkill, Grey's Ferry, [illegible] intelligence of our deſign (as it is ſuppoſed) decamped over night. To ſucceſs, parties of our troops marched over-night to the enemy's lines to [illegible] but came back without doing any thing. One of their pickets, which I was near, is about two miles from Philadelphia market-houſe, on the road to the Riſing Sun.

"All the morning a very ſharp and heavy cannonade was kept up on the gallies and fort, and continued with the utmoſt violence till between 11 and 12 o'clock, when we could diſcover, by the help of a pocket teleſcope, from Mr. Chew's houſe in German-Town, a very black ſmoke [illegible] of the [illegible] This we ſuppoſed to be a [illegible] had the glaſs at my eye [illegible] as it appeared, was kindled [illegible] one of the enemy's ſhips, that [illegible] the fort. We continued to [illegible] clouds of ſmoke round the veſſel for near three quarters of an hour, when now and then a ſudden blaze [illegible] the whole atmoſphere received a moſt violent concuſſion, and a perpendicular pillar of black ſmoke roſe [illegible] from the veſſel to a prodigious height. To-day it is reported at head-quarters, that two ſhips were burnt (the Apollo and Auguſta) one of 64, the other of 40 guns. The account is not confirmed [illegible] and I am [illegible] led to believe that [illegible] was blown up is the Eaſt-Indiaman which was cut down and turned into a floating battery. But you have the ſtory as I had it.

"Howe's motions ſeem perplexed [illegible] rather doubtful. It is the opinion, however, of camp politicians, that he means [illegible] very ſoon from Philadelphia.---The brave [illegible] Mud-iſland fort —the gallant behaviour of our gallies—and the defeat of the Heſſians at Red-Bank— [illegible] the difficulty of holding the city. And probably, if he does not make haſte back to New-York, he may [illegible]

[illegible] his poſition, they were to pay 10,000l. [illegible] troops will think [illegible] troubleſome, though [illegible] we ſhall collect them in a few days. I am now preparing to march."

The following is the moſt accurate return we have yet [illegible] of the priſoners who ſurrendered by capitulation, to general Gates on the [illegible]

One lieutenant-general, 2 major-generals, 3 brigadier-generals, [illegible] colonels, 11 majors, [illegible] captains, [illegible] lieutenants, [illegible] enſigns, 8 chaplains, 6 aids, [illegible] quarter-maſters, 14 ſurgeons, 13 mates, 5 judge-advocates, 360 ſerjeants, [illegible] drums and fifes, 2991 rank and file. Total 5[illegible]. The artillery officers not included, theſe being added, will make above 6000.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 6.

The General Aſſembly of this State met here on [illegible] day laſt, and choſe the hon. Nicholas Thomas [illegible] ſpeaker, and Gabriel Duvall, clerk.

Extract of a letter from WILLIAM SMITH, *Eſq; one of the delegates in* CONGRESS *from this State, to his Excellency the* GOVERNOR, *dated York-Town, October* 31, 1777.

I HAVE the pleaſure to incloſe your excellency a copy of the convention, ſigned the 16th inſtant, by lieutenant-general Burgoyne. The intelligence which accompanies this, ſays the war is ended in that part of the world.—I [illegible] congratulate your excellency on this important and intereſting event.

ARTICLES of CONVENTION between lieutenant-general BURGOYNE and major-general GATES.

I. The troops under lieutenant-general Burgoyne are to march out of their camp with the honours of war, and the artillery of the intrenchments, to the verge of the river, where the old fort ſtood, where the arms and artillery are to be left. The arms to be piled by word of command of their own officers.

II. A free paſſage to be granted to the army under lieutenant general Burgoyne to Great-Britain, upon condition of not ſerving again in North-America, during the preſent conteſt; and the port of Boſton is aſſigned for the entry of tranſports, to receive the troops whenever general Howe ſhall ſo order.

III. Should any cartel take place, by which the army under general Burgoyne, or any part of it, may be exchanged, the foregoing article to be void, as far as ſuch exchange ſhall be made.

IV. The army under lieutenant-general Burgoyne to march to Maſſachuſetts-Bay, by the eaſieſt, and moſt expeditious, and convenient route, and to be quartered in, near, or as convenient as poſſible to Boſton, that the march of the troops may not be delayed when tranſports arrive to receive them.

V. The troops to be ſupplied on their march, and during their being in quarters, with proviſions, by general Gates, at the ſame rate of rations as the troops of his own army, and if poſſible the officers horſes and cattle are to be ſupplied with forage at the uſual rate.

VI. All officers to retain their carriages, bat horſes, and other cattle, and no baggage to be moleſted or ſearched, lieutenant general Burgoyne giving his honour there are no public ſtores ſecreted therein. Major general Gates will of courſe take the neceſſary meaſures for the due performance of this article. Should any carriages be wanting for the tranſportation of officers baggage, they are if poſſible to be ſupplied by the country at the uſual rates.

VII. Upon the march, and during the time the army ſhall remain in quarters in the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, the officers are not, as far as circumſtances will admit, to be ſeparated from their men. The officers are to be quartered according to rank, and are not to be hindered from aſſembling their men for roll-calling and other purpoſes of regularity.

VIII. All corps whatever, of general Burgoyne's army, whether compoſed of ſailors, batteau-men, artificers, drivers, independent companies, and followers of the army, of whatever country, ſhall be included in the fulleſt extent of the above article, and comprehended in every reſpect as Britiſh ſubjects.

IX. All Canadians, and perſons belonging to the Canadian eſtabliſhment, conſiſting of ſailors, batteau-men, artificers, drivers, independent companies, and many other followers of the army, who come under no particular deſcription, are to be permitted to return there; they are to be conducted immediately, by the ſhorteſt route, to the firſt Britiſh poſt on Lake George, and to be ſupplied with proviſions in the ſame manner as the other troops, and are to be bound by the ſame condition of not ſerving during the preſent conteſt in North-America.

X. Paſſports to be immediately granted to three of[illegible] [illegible] to Sir William Howe, Sir Guy Carleton, and to Great-Britain, by the way of New-York; and major-general Gates engages the public faith, that theſe diſpatches ſhall not be opened. Theſe officers to ſet out immediately after receiving their diſpatches, and to travel the ſhorteſt route, and in the moſt expeditious manner.

XI. During the ſtay of the troops in Maſſachuſetts-Bay, the officers are to be admitted to their parole, and are to be allowed to wear their ſide arms.

XII. Should the army under lieutenant-general Burgoyne find it neceſſary to ſend for their cloathing, and other baggage, to Canada, they are to be permitted to do it in the moſt convenient manner, and the neceſſary paſſports granted for that purpoſe.

XIII. Theſe articles are to be mutually ſigned and exchanged to-morrow morning at nine o'clock, and the troops under lieutenant-general Burgoyne are to march out of their entrenchments, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Camp at Saratoga, October 16, 1777.

(A COPY.)

Extract of a letter from major Samuel Ward to general Waſhington, dated Red Bank, Oct. 23, 1777.

"BY the deſire of col. Green, I congratulate your excellency on the ſucceſs of his troops yeſterday. On the 21ſt inſt. 4 battalions of Germans, amounting to 1200, commanded by the baron Donop, col. commandant, landed at Cooper's ferry, and marched the ſame evening to Haddonfield. At 3 o'clock yeſterday morning they marched for this place; when the guard at Timber-creek bridge were informed of their approach, they took up the bridge, and the enemy filed off to the left, and croſſed at a bridge four miles above. Their advanced parties were diſcovered within a quarter [illegible] the fort at 12 o'clock; at half after 4, p. m. they ſent a flag to ſummon the fort, who was told that it ſhould never be ſurrendered. At three quarters after 4 they began a briſk cannonade, and ſoon after advanced in two columns to the attack. They paſſed the abattees, gained the ditch, and a few got over the pickets, but the fire was ſo heavy that they were ſoon drove back, with the loſs of 1 lieutenant colonel, 3 captains, 4 lieutenants, and near 70 killed; and the baron Donop, his brigade major, a captain, lieutenant, and upwards of 70 non-commiſſioned officers and privates wounded and taken priſoners. They then retreated precipitately towards Haddonfield. We hear they had ſeveral waggons taken. Our loſs is, in col. Green's regiment, 2 ſerjeants, 1 fife, and 4 privates killed, 1 ſerjeant and 3 privates wounded, 1 captain (who was reconnoitring) taken priſoner; col. Angel has 1 captain killed, 3 ſerjeants and 3 rank and file, and 1 enſign, 1 ſerjeant, and 15 rank and file wounded. Two of capt. Dupleſſe's company were ſlightly wounded; the engagement laſted 40 minutes; there have already been brought into the fort near 300 muſkets, and a conſiderable number of ſwords, cartridge-boxes, &c."

Extract from col. J. Mifflin's letter, Oct. 24, 1777.

"Yeſterday an attack was made upon Fort Mifflin by 6 ſhips, which were warped through the cheveaux de frize, at Billingſport, in the night; they began the cannonade at day-break, which continued very hot till 10 o'clock, when the gallies forced them to give way; in retiring, a 64 gun ſhip (ſaid to be the Auguſta) ran aground, and alſo a frigate (the Liverpool), and were ſet on fire by their own people. Two men were wounded in the fort."

Extract of a letter from York-Town, October 31, 1777.

"By an officer at Bethlehem, on his way from general Burgoyne to general Howe, to procure tranſports to carry general Burgoyne and his army to Great-Britain, agreeable to the convention entered into at Saratoga, on the 16th of October, we are informed of the loſs ſuſtained by the Britiſh army in the north, this campaign, as follows:

Britiſh, by capitulation, the 16th of October	2,442
Foreigners	2,198
Sent to Canada	1,100
Gen. Burgoyne and his ſtaff, among which are ſix members of parliament	12
Sick	598
Wounded	528
Priſoners of war before the convention	400
Deſerters	300
Loſt at Bennington	1,220
Killed between Sept. 17, and Oct. 18	600
Taken priſoners at north end of Lake George	400
Killed in gen. Herkamer's battle	300
	10,098

At Saratoga, 37 braſs pieces of cannon, royals and mortars, with implements and ſtores complete, 5000 ſtand of arms, 400 ſetts of harneſs, a number of ammunition waggons and harneſs; at Bennington, 4 field-pieces; at Fort-Schuyler, 2 field-pieces and 4 Royals.

Gen. Clinton has burnt the beautiful village of Kingſton, and every other valuable building within his reach; it is ſaid his army is retreating down the North River. Two brigades from gen. Gates's army were under marching orders, the 19th of October, to proceed [illegible]

November 3, 1777.

For S A L E,

THE following TRACTS of LAND, viz. the New Littlewood Foreſt, Stevens's Hope, and part of the tan-yard, containing 642 acres, lying in Charles county, between Jordan Swamp and Mattawoman Swamp; one tract, called the Curtail Rebecca and Sturgeon's Tail, containing 226 acres, lying part in Charles county, and part in Prince-George's county, on a branch, called the Wolf's Den; one other tract, called Poplar Thicket, containing 232 acres, lying in Prince-George's county. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the title and terms, by applying to

w3 CL. WHEELER.

November 2, 1777.

To be LET, and entered on the 10th day of December next,

THE PLANTATION of Richard Lane, containing 350 acres of land, ſome fine meadow belonging to the ſame, all under good fence, with a large commodious dwelling-houſe 46 by 34 feet, tobacco-houſes, negro quarters, and other outhouſes neceſſary and convenient to the ſame, all in good repair. For the rent, and other particulars, enquire of the proprietor, living on the premiſes, near Lion's creek bridge, on the Annapolis road, the upper end of Calvert county.

N. B. A good garden and orchards on the premiſes, and corn, wheat, and fodder. w2

Swamp, Anne-Arundel county, Oct. 24, 1777.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of JOSEPH GOTT, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring in their reſpective accounts, properly authenticated, that they may be adjuſted and paid; And all that are indebted to ſaid eſtate, either by bond, note, or open account, are requeſted to ſettle, either by payment, or renewing their bonds, &c. Thoſe that do not comply with this reaſonable requeſt may expect to be dealt with as the law directs, by

3w ELISABETH GOTT, Executrix of JOSEPH GOTT.

November 4, 1777.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 5th of December, at Mr. Worrall's tavern,

A LOT of ground in Cheſter-Town, on which is a three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, conveniently ſituated for any kind of public buſineſs, and has been formerly occupied as a tavern, for which it is extremely well calculated. The terms will be made known by Mr. John Galloway, who will attend the ſale.

AGREEABLE to the will of Mr. BENJAMIN BERRY, deceaſed, will be SOLD by public vendue, at Mrs. Gibſon's, in Upper-Marlborough, on Wedneſday the 26th of November, for ready money, ſeveral NEGROES, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls.

3w SARAH BERRY, Executrix.
DAVID CRAUFURD, }
JOHN BERRY, } Executors.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

November 3, 1777.

LOST, yeſterday morning, between South river ferry and Mr. Tootel's tavern, a large ſilk POCKET-BOOK, of lead-coloured taffety, with a poliſhed ſteel haſp and catch, with ſome money in, the quantity unknown exactly, but ſuppoſed to be about fourteen pounds, of which is between three and four pounds of old Maryland money, and the reſt in continental money: In one of the pockets of ſaid book there were two gold rings ſet with garnet, one with four hearts very ſmall ſet, the other a large heart, ſingle. Whoever finds, or can give any information of ſaid book, ſo that the owner may get it again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, if brought to Mr. Jonathan Selman's, on Road-river; Mrs. Ferguſon's, at London-Town, South-River; Mr. Chriſtopher Harvey, at Mr. Jacob Myers's, Baltimore; or to the ſubſcriber, living at Leigh-Furnace, Little-Pipe-Creek, Frederick county, Maryland.

w3 JONATHAN SELLMAN, ſon of John.

Charles county, October 20, 1777.

On Thurſday the 20th of November next, will be ſet up for ſale to the higheſt bidder,

THE PLANTATION on which I now dwell; containing about five hundred and forty-three acres of land, lying in Charles county, near Port-Tobacco; on which are a dwelling-houſe, with ſeven rooms and two paſſages on the lower floor, and five rooms and a paſſage above ſtairs, an exceeding good kitchen with a brick floor, a brick dairy, a ſpinning-room and lumber-room, under one roof; a large granary, corn-houſe, ſtables, two tobacco-houſes, cow-houſe, a dwelling-houſe, calculated to ſuit a weaver, and other out-houſes; a peach orchard, containing about ſix hundred trees; a young apple orchard, juſt beginning to bear, and other fruit trees.---This land is rich, and capable of producing any commodity ſuited to the climate; there is a conſiderable quantity of low ground, which might be converted into fine meadow.

The ſituation is high, dry, and healthy, the proſpect delightful, having a fine view of Patowmack river, Virginia, Port-Tobacco creek, and the neighbourhood all round; very convenient to two places of public worſhip, a proteſtant church, and a Roman catholic chapel, which laſt is an elegant building, full in view, and adds to the other beauties of the place; two griſt mills within a mile and a half, and Port-Tobacco warehouſe almoſt at the door, plenty of fiſh in their ſeaſon, and frequent opportunities in the winter of getting oyſters—in ſhort, this ſeat has every advantage to make life delightful and happy. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe may view the premiſes, and know the terms of ſale, by applying to

tf WILLIAM HANSON.

St. Mary's county, Sept. 18, 1777.

DRIFTED up along ſhore, upon Patowmack river, near the mouth of Clement's-Bay, a POCKET-BOOK, with a ſum of money in it. The owner is requeſted to prove his book and the ſum of money, pay charges, and take it away.

w6 NEHEMIAH HUBERT BLAKISTONE.

[illegible] ber 20, 17[illegible]

July 9, 1777.

ALL perſons indebted, on open account, to the copartnerſhip of JAMES DICK and STEWART, or to either of them, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame by payment, or to ſettle and give bonds for their debts, with ſecurity, where required, which will ſave all further trouble, as, if this requeſt is not ſoon complied with, ſuits will be commenced without farther notice.—Attendance will be given on every Thurſday, Friday, and Saturday, at the ſubſcriber's ſtore at Annapolis, and on Monday, Tueſday, and Wedneſday, at his houſe in London-Town.

tf JAMES DICK.

Inſtead of attending at Annapolis as above mentioned, attendance will now be given every Thurſday and Friday, at Newington Rope-walk, near Annapolis.

To be SOLD by public vendue, for ready money only, on Tueſday the 4th day of November, at the late dwelling-houſe of Mrs. Sarah Finn, deceaſed, in Queen's-Town, Queen-Anne's county,

SUNDRY HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, conſiſting of feather-beds with furniture, table-linen, mahogany tables and chairs, china, earthen ware, ſundry kitchen furniture, and four milch cows. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock, and continue till all are ſold. All perſons who have any claims againſt the ſaid Sarah Finn are requeſted to ſend them to the ſubſcriber, legally proved, that they may be diſcharged; and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid Finn are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment.

1w THO. FITZSIMMONDS, Executor.

Baltimore, October 29, 1777.

IN compliance with my directions from col. Stone, I have to order the undermentioned ſoldiers of the firſt Maryland regiment to rendezvous at this town by the 10th of next month, at fartheſt, or they may depend that no pains will be ſpared to apprehend them and have them puniſhed as deſerters. If thoſe who have abſented themſelves without leave do then attend, in order to join their reſpective companies at camp, the ſubſcriber will exert his utmoſt influence to procure them pardons, which he doubts not to effect.

JOSEPH FORD,
Captain in the 1ſt Maryland regiment.

John Keen, Robert Leaf, William Timmons, Robert Adler, William M'Ginnis, Joſeph Smith, and John Williſon, of capt. Winder's company—James Carmichael, or his ſubſtitute, John Slack, Thomas Hennen, John Powell, Richard Watts, Samuel Wray, John Bolla, Thomas Hewling, and John Raile, of capt. Ewing's company—Ignatius Boon, Chriſtopher Beall, Richard Hutchinſon, James Taylor, Lawrence Kaner, and David Gibney, of capt. Roxburgh's company—Samuel Vermillion, William Smith, William Brown, and William Philips, of capt. Beatty's company—William Wood, Thomas Kenady, and William Langley, of capt. Murray's company—Samuel Glaſgow, William Davis, James M'Carty, Richard Lowe, Edward Price, William Baker, John Majors, Jacob Butler, Coxen Talbot, Hugh Armſtrong.

N. B. Perſons harbouring or concealing any of the above ſoldiers, will be puniſhed with the utmoſt ſeverity of the law. w2

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

August [illegible], 1777.

RAN away, on Saturday the 9th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, in Bladenſburg, a Mulatto ſlave named John, or John the Baptiſt, which he calls himſelf; he was [illegible] days ago the property of Mr. James Brooks, in Annapolis, and have heard he was this day in that town. Any perſon apprehending the ſaid ſlave, and will have him ſecured, ſo as the owner may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, if brought to Bladenſburg.

w2 LEVY GANTT.

Anne-Arundel county Swamp, October 1, 1777.

THIS is to acquaint my good old cuſtomers that my old crop of leather is all done and in my way, and ſhall be obliged to them to come and pay for it, and take it away. I am alſo drawing my new crop, and as the price of bark and oil is greatly advanced, hope my cuſtomers will not think hard of my advancing in my price. I ſtill continue to take in hides, but muſt advance in my price in proportion to the advanced price of bark, oil, &c.

w4 BENJ. NORMAN.

SALT-PANS, ten feet ſquare, and fifteen inches deep, with ſcrews ready to join and fit them up, made at Catoctin furnace, about ten miles from Frederick-Town, at fifty-five pounds per ton. If different ſizes are deſired, they will be attempted.—Carriage from the furnace to Baltimore is now at ſeven pounds a ton.

JAMES JOHNSON.

Prince-George's county, July 23, 1777.

WILLIAM WATERS takes this method to deſire all thoſe whoſe accounts have been ſtanding with him unſettled twelve months, to make immediate payment, which will prevent trouble and expence to them as well as to himſelf. tf

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TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge, Anne-Arundel county, near Green's mill, Patuxent river, July 7, 1777.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, a convict ſervant man, named GEORGE HOLT, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, about 23 or 24 years of age, light ſandy hair tied back, has a weakneſs in one of his thumbs: Had on a country hat half worn, and a coarſe country ſhirt, almoſt new, one linſey jacket with a yellow cotton cape, and one ſtriped ditto with yellow metal buttons, coarſe ſtriped country trouſers, old ſhoes newly ſoaled, old ſtockings black and blue, an old razor, and an old day-book with his name in many places in it. It is imagined he has forged a paſs, and will endeavour to get on board ſome veſſel. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have ten dollars reward, and, if brought home, all reaſonable charges paid, by me,

w11 WILLIAM RAY.

To be SOLD,

FIVE hundred weight of WOOL. Enquire of the Printer.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Anne-Arundel county, October 14, 1777.

RAN away, the 13th of laſt month, from his overſeer, at the ſubſcriber's plantation, midway between the head of Severn and Elkridge, NEGRO SAMSON, a well-made, ſquat, dapper fellow, of brown complexion, and thick lips; but of ſingular addreſs, art, and ſubtilety: He was early taught reading and writing, which he ſtill practiſes occaſionally, and may probably FORGE A PASS, or impoſe on ſtrangers for a FREE NEGRO.

He took with him, beſides his common country made linen and woollen cloathing, a pair of black or brown breeches, of Britiſh manufacture,—a blue cloth coat of ditto,—a white linen ſhirt,—calico waiſtcoat,—a pair of old ſhoes, ſtockings, and hat; and may poſſibly be provided with other apparel than is here deſcribed, or ſhrewd enough to exchange for it.—His declared intention was to get on board the fleet, as it went down the bay, in which he probably failed, but being too late, and it is ſuſpected he is at preſent harboured and entertained by his kin, or ſome acquaintances, on the north ſide of Severn, either at Mr. K[illegible] plantation (the ſeat of the late col. Hammond) where he was born and bred;—or elſewhere in the neighbourhood, where he is ſaid to have children, or ſome others in the neck; but far from thence. He is a notorious offender and audacious villain, and it is hoped will be dealt with accordingly, wherever he is found ſkulking.

The above reward will be paid immediately, on the delivery of him to my overſeer, Thomas Woodward, at my ſaid plantation,—or to William Hayward, at the head of Severn,—or at Annapolis, to

tf JOHN HAMMOND.

Charles county, Nanjemoy, Oct. 6th, 1777.

For S A L E,

A SLOOP, burthen about 90 hogſheads of tobacco, with a ſix hogſhead FLAT; ſhe is very well found, her ſails and rigging very good, two cables and anchors, one of her cables quite new, the other about half worn, about ſix years old, has had a thorough repair this laſt ſummer. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber at Nanjemoy.

3w AND. BAILLIE.

October 6, 1777.

The ſubſcriber has to rent or leaſe, for a term of years not exceeding eleven, and entered on immediately,

TWO extraordinary MILLS, joining together, the one a griſt, and the other a fulling-mill, with all the materials proper for each of them, ſituated on a never failing ſtream of water, lying and being in Anne-Arundel county, on the head of South-River, within nine miles of Annapolis, and eight of Queen-Anne, and in the moſt plentiful place, perhaps, for cuſtom, of any mills on the continent. Likewiſe a ſmall plantation with good buildings, to wit, a dwelling-houſe planked above and below, a cellar underneath, a good ſtone chimney, and all other neceſſary houſes, a very fine paled garden, and a young apple orchard. Alſo a very valuable meadow, with proper culture, capable of producing near one hundred pounds per annum. This place would anſwer very well for a tavern, being on a very public road leading through the country. For terms apply to

w3 CASSANDRA DUCKER.

Calvert county, Lion's-Creek.

TO be RUN for, near my houſe, on Friday and Saturday the 3d and 4th of October next, any quantity of exceeding good ſtall fed beef, not exceeding one thouſand weight. If the gentlemen racers ſhould not think proper to make up for any beef, there will be a purſe of ten pounds, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, carrying weight for ſize, one hundred and twenty to be the ſtandard, and to raiſe and fall according to the rules of racing. Horſes, &c. to be entered the ſame day of the races, with the ſubſcriber, by one o'clock. The ſame purſe of ten pounds, or beef, will be run for here every Friday and Saturday, agreeable to this advertiſement, from that date, till the 19th and 20th of December next.

tf BENJ. LANE, of Richard.

N. B. Good entertainment for man and horſe at my houſe, where they may always find good ſwamp oiſters.

B. L.

June [illegible]

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber's [illegible] fulling-mill, a convict ſervant man, named SAMUEL WRIGHT, by trade a millwright, but can turn his hands to almoſt any ſort of buſineſs, thirty-eight years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, very ſwarthy complexion, black curling hair, much given to liquor: Had on a friſe waiſtcoat without ſleeves, leather breeches, half worn ſhoes, country linen ſhirt, and an old hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have, if taken ten miles from home, three pounds, if twenty miles, five pounds, if forty miles, ſeven pounds, and, if out of the province, the above reward.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS REWARD.

Waſhington county, Chew's-Farm, Sept. 1, 1777.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on Chew's-Farm, a NEGRO fellow named Sampſon, about ſix feet high, between forty and fifty years of age: Had on and took with him, when he went away, an old full linſey jacket, a pair of blue breeches, a tow ſhirt and trouſers, but may have other cloaths: He is remarkable by having a blemiſh in one of his eyes, is a deſigning, cunning rogue, though would often appear ſilly, or a fool, by which means he diſguiſes himſelf. Having been raiſed on the eaſtern ſhore, I have reaſon to think he has gone that way, having frequently expreſſed a deſire to be there.—Whoever takes up ſaid negro, and returns him to the ſubſcriber, if within thirty miles, ſhall receive eight dollars, and if farther, the above reward, paid by

w5 SIMON DOYLE.

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